APPENDIX E.

NOTIFICATION.

CAMP No. A, DATED 11TH OCTOBER 1913.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 5 of the Mysore Legislative Council Regulation, 1907, and in supersession of the rules issued under Notification No. J. 794, dated 15th September 1909, as amended by Notification No. J. 444—Legis. 7-11-1, dated 2nd August 1911, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to make the following rules as to the conditions under which four non-official members of the Legislative Council may be selected for nomination:—

I. The nomination to four places on the Legislative Council may be made by Government from among the members of the Representative Assembly, the persons to be nominated being selected in the manner explained in the following rules.—

II. (1) At a meeting of the members of the Representative Assembly, to be held at such place and at such time during the annual session of the Assembly as may be fixed by Government, the members will be requested to vote for four members of the Assembly for nomination by Government to the Legislative Council.

(2) Members of the Representative Assembly to be elected to the Legislative Council should possess a sufficient knowledge of the English language to be able to take part in the proceedings of the Legislative Council.

(3) Members of the Representative Assembly, who desire to stand for election, shall intimate the fact in writing to the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, General and Revenue Departments, not later than such day as may be previously notified by Government in the Official Gazette.

(4) The names of the candidates who have signified their intention to stand for election and whose candidature may be approved by the Government, shall be notified to the members of the Representative Assembly by a list of such names being posted in a conspicuous place in the Assembly Hall on a date not later than two days before the date appointed for the election. The votes of the members shall be given only in favour of four such candidates.

(5) The voting shall be by ballot.

(6) An officer deputed by Government shall attend such meeting and count the votes of the members.

(7) After the close of the meeting, the officer referred to above shall submit the voting papers to the Government with a report showing the names of the candidates voted for and the number of votes secured by each such candidate.

(8) The Government may make such supplementary rules of procedure as may be necessary for the disposal of business at such meeting.

III. The four candidates who have secured the largest number of votes of the members may be nominated by Government as members of the Legislative Council.

IV. When any of the members so nominated has to vacate his seat by efflux of time under Section 6 of the Regulation, an election shall be held for filling up the vacancy in accordance with these rules at the annual session of the Assembly either immediately preceding, or immediately following, the date of such vacancy, whichever is nearer. In case of a vacancy occurring otherwise than by efflux of time, an election to fill up the vacancy shall be held in accordance with these rules, at the next succeeding session.

By Order,
K. R. SRINIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

NOTIFICATION.

No. J. 1246—Legis. 15-15-1, dated 20th September 1915.

As the term of office of the four additional non-official members of the Mysore Legislative Council nominated under Notification Camp No. J. 22—Legis. 12-13, dated 18th October 1913, on the recommendation of the members of the Mysore Representative Assembly will expire on the 31st October 1915, it is hereby notified that, under Rule IV of the rules prescribed in Notification Camp No. A, dated 11th October 1913, elections to fill up the above vacancies will be held during the sittings of the Representative Assembly this year on a day to be notified at Mysore later on.

2. Under para (3) of Rule II of the rules referred to above, members of the Representative Assembly who desire to stand for election should intimate the fact in writing to the Secretary to Government of Mysore, General Department, not later than the Vijaya Dasami day (18th October 1915) of the Dasara celebrations.

By Order,
D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

NOTIFICATION.

No. J. 5, dated, Camp Mysore, 20th October 1915.

Under paragraphs I and IV of the Rules prescribed by Notification Camp A, dated 11th October 1913, it is hereby notified that elections for the nomination of four non-official members to the Legislative Council on the recommendation of the members of the Representative Assembly will be held at the Public Offices, Mysore, from 12 noon till 5 P.M., on Friday the 22nd October 1915.

2. Under paragraph II (4) of the Rules the names of the following gentlemen who have signified their intention to stand for election to the Legislative Council, and whose candidature has been approved by Government are hereby notified for information :—

1. Mr. F. M. Abdul Quddus, Channapatna.
2. ,, C. Narayana Chetty, Davangere.
3. ,, M. Ananthiah Setty, Chitaldrug.
4. ,, B. Narasinga Rao, Seringapatam.
5. ,, M. Basava Iya, B.A., B.L., Bangalore.
6. ,, C. Chennakesavaiya, B.A., Chitaldrug.
7. ,, C. Narasimhaiya, B.A., B.L., Mysore.
8. ,, M. Karnick Krishnamurti Rao, Bangalore.
9. ,, M. Venkatakrishnayya, Mysore.
10. ,, S. Seetharamaiya, Shimoga.
11. ,, G. Girimaji Rao, Kolar.
12. ,, S. R. Balakrishna Rao, B.A., LL.B., Shimoga.
13. ,, K. Chendrasekhariah, B.A., B.L., Mysore.
14. ,, D. Venkataramayya, B.A., Bangalore.

By Order,
D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Secretary to Government, General Department.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

ORDER—CAMP NO. J. 6-13—LEGIS. 15-15-19, DATED 21ST OCTOBER 1915.

Under clause (6) of Rule II of the Rules issued under Notification Camp No. A, dated the 11th October 1913, for the election of four nonofficial members from the Representative Assembly to the Mysore Legislative Council the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, is deputed to attend the meeting of the Representative Assembly to be held on the 22nd October 1915, as announced by Notification Camp No.—J. 5, dated 20th October 1915 and also to count the votes of the members

and submit the voting papers with a report to Government as laid down in Rule II (7) of the Rules published with Notification Camp No. A, dated 11th October 1913.

D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Secretary to Government, General Department.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts.

NOTIFICATION.

No. J. 16, dated, Camp Mysore, 23rd October 1915.

With reference to Rule III of the Rules relating to the selection of four non-official members of the Legislative Council, from the members of the Representative Assembly published with Notification Camp, No. A, dated the 11th October 1913, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to nominate, as additional members of the Mysore Legislative Council with effect from the 1st November 1915, the following gentlemen who have secured the largest number of votes of the members of the Representative Assembly at the election held for the purpose at the Public Office Buildings, Mysore, on Friday the 22nd October 1915.

(1) Mr. M. Basavaiya, B.A., B.L., Bangalore.
(2) Mr. B. Narasinga Rao, Seringapatam.
(3) Mr. M. Karnick Krishnamurti Rao, Bangalore.
(4) Mr. C Narasimhaiya, B.A., B.L., Mysore.

By Order,
D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Secretary to Government, General Department.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

READ—

Subject No. 232 of the Representative Assembly Proceedings of 1913, moved by Mr. Hiranyappa, requesting that candidates wishing to stand for election as Representative Assembly Members should be required to notify their candidature and that selection should be made from among those that have so notified.

2. Paragraph 11 of Government Order No. 4450-89, dated 18th January 1907, fixing the date of submission of advanced copies of Addresses to be presented to the Dewan at the Assembly to be the 11th *Suddha of Asvija.*

ORDER No. G. 8588-637—G. R. 16-13-2, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1915.

In order to simplify the election proceedings, Government approve of the proposal contained in Subject No. 232 read above, and direct that such of the eligible persons as wish to stand for election in the taluks concerned should furnish their names in writing to the Amildar at least one month before the election for local publication to voters.

2. With a view to ensure a more satisfactory classification, revision and study of the Representative Assembly subjects, Government also direct that the dates of the Dasara Calendar be revised as follows:—

i. The date of opening the Assembly will be the eleventh day of *Asvija,* except when it happens to be a Sunday in which case the following day will be appointed for the purpose.
ii. Members, who intend to present Addresses, are requested to furnish them in *triplicate* to the General and Revenue Secretary, *at least* a week before the opening day of the Assembly.
iii. All other events will be fixed a month earlier than usual.

3. The Calendar for 1915, revised accordingly, is annexed to this Order.

D. M. NARASINGA RAO,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Heads of Departments.
The Compiler, *Mysore Gazette*, for publication.

No. G. 8588-637—G. R. 16-13-2, DATED 10TH FEBRUARY 1915.

DASARA CALENDAR FOR 1915.

(1) By the 2nd *Bahula of Adhika Vaisakha*—1st May 1915.

Lists (*a*) of persons qualified to elect taluk members and (*b*) of persons eligible for election as such members should be prepared and forwarded to the General and Revenue Secretariat.

(2) By the middle of *Nija Vaisakha*—28th May 1915.

The above lists will, after scrutiny in the General and Revenue Secretariat, be published in the *Mysore Gazette* between the 13th and 27th May 1915.

(3) By the 8th *Bahula of Nija Vaisakha*—4th June 1915.

(*a*) Such of the eligible persons as wish to stand for election in the taluks concerned should furnish their names in writing to the Amildar for local publication to voters.

(*b*) Notices should be issued on or before the 4th June 1915 for persons qualified to elect taluk members meeting at taluk headquarters on a day to be fixed in the 1st week of July 1915.

(4) By the 9th *Bahula of Jyeshta*—5th July 1915.

(*a*) At such meeting the prescribed number of taluk members to the Representative Assembly for the next three years shall be elected from among the persons referred to in (3) (*a*).

(*b*) Names of members deputed by the Local Fund Boards and Municipal Councils and recognized Associations should be notified to the Deputy Commissioners.

(5) By the 4th *Suddha of Ashadha*—16th July 1915.

(*a*) Taluk members and District Fund Boards, Municipal Councils and recognized Associations should send to the respective Deputy Commissioners memoranda of representations and suggestions on the subjects desired to be brought forward for discussion at the next meeting of the Assembly at Mysore.

(*b*) Lists of persons elected and deputed together with information as to the number likely to attend the meeting should be sent to the General and Revenue Secretariat.

(6) By the 5th *Bahula of Ashadha*—30th July 1915.

The Deputy Commissioners should hold at the District headquarters a meeting of members in order to select finally the subjects to be sent to the General and Revenue Secretariat for inclusion in the consolidated list.

(7) By the beginning of *Sravana*—11th August 1915.

Compilation of memoranda of subjects to be discussed in the Assembly with the Deputy Commissioner's remarks should reach the General and Revenue Secretariat.

(8) By the 3rd *Suddha of Asvija*—11th October 1915.

Advance copies of all addresses to be presented on the Opening day of the Assembly should be sent in *triplicate* to the General and Revenue Secretary so as to reach him on or before the 11th October 1915.

(9) By the 12th *Suddha of Asvija*—19th October 1915.

Opening day of the Assembly.

APPENDIX F.

The discussion of the Budget in the Assembly.

A brief memorandum in English and Kanarese explaining the salient features of the Budget of 1915-16 was circulated to the members and they were asked to offer suggestions on the Budget and on the procedure which they wanted to be adopted for discussing future Budgets.

Messrs. D. Venkataramiah, C. Srinivasa Rao and several other members remarked that as the Budget had already been sanctioned by His Highness, it was not appropriate for them to discuss it and that a second session of the Assembly might be held to give them an opportunity of discussing Budgets before they were finally approved.

They added that such a second session would also facilitate the disposal of the subjects brought up at the Assembly, many of which could not be discussed in full under the present arrangements for want of time. *Mr. D. Venkataramiah* said that if a second session could not be held, selected representatives of the Assembly may be summoned to take part in the discussion on the Budget in the Legislative Council.

Mr. Abbas Khan referred to a number of detailed items in the Budget as follows :—

(1) A large portion of the establishment charges of the Bench Courts might be borne by the respective municipalities or the fines recovered in Bench cases credited to Law and Justice.

(2) Process fees should be recovered in Criminal Cases filed by municipalities and the amounts credited to Law and Justice.

(3) As in the Military Department the cost of uniforms should be arranged to be recovered from the officials of the Police, Excise and Forest Departments, drawing more than Rs. 40. There was nothing in the receipt side of the Budget to show that recoveries were made on that account.

It was explained to him that in some of the departments officers made their own arrangements to get their uniforms so that an item relating to this did not appear either in the receipt or expenditure side of the Budget.

(4) (*a*) Under Interest on Loans to encumbered jaghirdars and Loans to Agricultural Banks the current year's expected recoveries were entered as Rs. 79,206 and Rs. 10,21,910, while the revised figures for 1914-15 were Rs. 28,000 and Rs. 11,000 respectively. If as these figures indicate only a small part of the interest due was recovered, it was a matter for consideration how the principal could be expected to be re overed.

(*b*) Under interest the sum of Rs. 1,40,000 was deducted as probable amount not likely to be recovered during the year. This might be enquired into and arrangements made for the recovery of the whole of the amount due.

It was explained to him that some of the items related to old loans, and recoveries were being effected in small amounts.

(5) Contributions of the Bangalore and Mysore City Municipalities on account of water works were not shown on the receipt side.

It was explained to him that they were deducted from the expenditure and so did not appear as receipts.

(6) Tree-tax in alienated villages was not shown separately.

(7) Rs. 6,000 provided for scholarships for study at Dehra Dun and at Coimbatore Forest Colleges might be shown separately.

(8) Temporary establishment for preparing Excise refund bills was found only in the Mysore District. Similar establishment might be sanctioned for other districts also.

It was explained to him that special establishments were not necessary for all districts or for all time, and that in the Mysore District the establishment was sanctioned temporarily when the bills were heavy and that there was no establishment at present.

(9) The number of Excise Inspectors might be reduced by 15 as consumption of liquor was going down. Reduction was possible in several places, *e.g.*, Bagepalli and Mulbagal.

It was explained that they were frontier taluks and that the present establishment was quite necessary.

(10) No figures were given against loss on account of *bung* wastage.

(11) The commission received on books purchased and other items of receipt of Public Libraries might be shown separately.

It was explained that the commission was deducted from the bill of costs.

(12) Amount spent for Mahomedan education under schools, inspection, grants-in-aid, etc., might be shown separately.

(13) Medical scholarships appeared under both Education and Medical.

(14) Out of the amount provided for Aligarh scholarships nearly Rs. 1,000 lapsed every year. This amount might be utilised in full.

(15) Under the Public Works Department, details were not given, the allotment for original works was comparatively small and the establishment charges were high.

It was explained that there was a separate detailed Public Works Budget.

(16) (*a*) A demand, collection and balance statement was given for Land Revenue. Similar statements might be given for Excise and Forest also.

(*b*) Nearly 16 lakhs of rupees were shown as balance to be recovered at the end of the year. This figure was too large and not satisfactory.

(*c*) Remission due to misappropriations and defalcations might be shown separately.

Mr. B. V. Narayana Rao remarked that—

(1) Remuneration of patels and shanbhogs might be shown separately and a portion, say one-third of the patel's remuneration charged to the Police Budget as patels did a lot of Police work.

(2) The several items of investment and the interest realised thereon might be shown in detail.

Mr. H. V. Rangaswamy said that—

(1) The Representative Assembly should have an opportunity to discuss the Budget before it was sanctioned.

(2) A second session was therefore necessary.

(3) The State benefited by increase of knowledge on the part of the people.

(4) A book explaining the growth of the Budget and the development of the several departments during last 30 years might be published for the information of the Representative Assembly Members.

It was explained that the Statistical Abstract compiled by *Mr. K. R. Srinivasiengar* would give the required information.

Mr. C. Srinivasa Rao said that—

(1) A second session would be useful for disposing of subjects that might be left undiscussed in the first session for want of time and for discussing the Budget before it was finally approved.

(2) Members were educated and competent to discuss the Budget.

(3) If Government were unwilling to sanction it as involving extra cost, members would forego their allowances, and

(4) People improved by coming into contact with Government.

Mr. C. Vasudeva Rao, referring to the increase of revenue under Excise said that the strength of arrack should not be reduced, as such a measure results in the poorer classes who mostly resort to drink consuming larger quantities and paying more for their drink out of their scanty earnings.

Mr. C. Srinivasa Rao was also of the same opinion.

Mr. Narayanaswamy Chetty said that school fees should be reduced and primary and secondary education made free and that this would not involve any great sacri-

fice of revenue on the part of Government, as only a small sum of about Rs. 20,000 was realised in the shape of fees, while the expenditure under education was over 20 lakhs of rupees.

Mr. Basava Iya said that primary education must be made free. Even if it was admitted that in the interest of abstract justice the well-to-do classes must be made to pay for education, it would be an impossible task to find out who were well-to-do, as it depended on the number of persons in the family, the income per head and the liabilities of the family, etc. Even when fees were levied from such classes the amount realised would be very small, not more than 10 or 15 thousand rupees.

He also said that he could not find in the Budget the sum of 5 lakhs set apart for the development of industries.

It was pointed out that this sum came from the balance of Government and did not appear in the Budget.

Mr. Venkatasamayya of Chamrajnagar said that allotments for the repairs of major and minor tanks were not shown in the Budget.

It was pointed out that such details were found in the Public Works Budget.

Reply of Government—

(1) A second session will take up a large portion of the time of Government Officers and will considerably interfere with Government work and is therefore not desirable.

(2) Even the discussion of a sanctioned Budget is not without advantages.

(3) If suggestions of a minor character, involving small amounts not exceeding 2 or 3 lakhs of rupees are made, they can be adopted even at this stage and the Budget revised.

(4) Important suggestions will be taken into account in preparing the subsequent year's Budget which will be taken up a few months later. The slight delay involved is not of much consequence, as important questions cannot be settled within a shorter period.

(5) Rules laying down the procedure to be adopted in discussing future Budgets will be issued shortly.